

Math 1060 Midterm 3 Test Objectives

5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 6.2, 6.3

Your exam will be “closed book” - no notes or formula cards allowed. Calculators will be allowed on this test, but you must show your work for credit.

Solve Oblique Triangles:

- 1) Use the Law of Sines to solve triangles—including the ambiguous case.
- 2) Use the Law of Cosines to solve triangles.
- 3) Find the area of a triangle.

Work with Vectors:

- 4) Find scalar multiples, sums, and differences of vectors algebraically and geometrically.
- 5) Find horizontal and vertical components of a vector.
- 6) Find magnitude and direction of a vector.
- 7) Find the dot product.
- 8) Find the angle between vectors.
- 9) Solve application problems involving vectors.

Work with Complex Numbers:

- 10) Find the absolute value or modulus of a complex number.
- 11) Graph complex numbers.
- 12) Given a complex number in standard form, $a + bi$, write the number in trigonometric form.
- 13) Given a complex number in trigonometric form, write the number in standard form, $a + bi$.
- 14) Find products and quotients of complex numbers using trigonometric form.
- 15) Find powers and roots of complex numbers using trigonometric form.

Sections 6.4 and 6.5 will be covered on the final exam. For these sections:

- 1) Graph points in polar form.
- 2) Convert coordinates: rectangular \leftrightarrow polar.
- 3) Convert equations: rectangular \leftrightarrow polar.
- 4) Graph polar equations (cardioid, limaçon, lemniscate, rose, lines, and circles), finding exact (r, θ) points that lie on the graph.
- 5) Complete a “t-x-y table” and graph a curve defined parametrically.
- 6) Eliminate the parameter in a pair of parametric equations.
- 7) Write a pair of parametric equations for a line segment given the endpoints, or a portion of a circle centered at the origin given the radius.